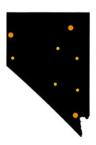
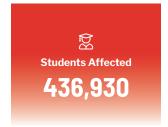
Nevada









As climate change produces more extremely hot days across the country, many schools are struggling to cope with overheated classrooms and inadequate cooling systems—if they have them at all. This ongoing increase in the number of hot days during the academic year is forcing schools to install air conditioning or upgrade their equipment to a higher cooling capacity.

Hotter Days, Higher Costs: The Cooling Crisis in America's Classrooms analyzed localized heat trends during the school year from 1970 to 2025 using a widely used and publicly available ensemble of climate models. Our analysis identified a threshold of 32 days above 80 degrees Fahrenheit during the school year as the point at which air conditioning is needed, based on engineering protocols, peerreviewed studies examining the relationship between heat and learning, and actual practice in school systems across the country. For every school district, we used climate model output to tally the number of days above the 80°F threshold during the school year in 1970 and 2025.

The result: billions of dollars in school cooling costs that are directly attributable to climate change.

THE IMPACT ON NEVADA

Climate change is leading to more hot days during the school year. Using 1970 as a baseline, by 2025 this climate-driven warming will require 27 Nevada schools to install AC at a cost of \$40,046,000. For some schools in Nevada that required cooling systems before 1970, the increasing number of extremely hot days has already and will continue to overwhelm the cooling capacity of these systems. To upgrade these systems, Nevada will need to spend \$14,680,000 in 312 schools by 2025. These costs will impact 316,490 students across 8 school districts in Nevada. By 2025, 72% of students in 56% of schools across Nevada will be impacted by these costs.

Once air conditioning is installed and upgraded, schools will have to spend an additional \$8,867,000 every year to operate and maintain these systems, which will impact 436,930 students.

THE IMPACT ON THE U.S.

Numerous studies have found that hot temperatures reduce a student's ability to learn.

Nationally, the bill totals over \$40 billion to install or upgrade air conditioning in schools that serve a third of the country's public school students. That's equivalent to the amount that public schools spend each year on all capital improvements, according to the National Center for Education Statistics.

Who's going to pay for this? As it stands, taxpayers have been on the hook. The total bill is enormous, particularly for schools feeling the pinch from increased spending on security and health-safety measures, and burgeoning technology demands. Taxpayers, teachers, and students aren't to blame for rising temperatures. Oil and gas executives have known nearly half a century that their products were causing climate change, and intentionally misled the public about the dangers.

Schoolchildren understand that when you make a mess, it's your responsibility to clean it up. It's time to hold oil and gas executives accountable for the damage they've caused.

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The Cost of Cooling Nevada's Schools

TOP SCHOOL DISTRICTS, RANKED BY EQUIPMENT COST

RANK	SCHOOL DISTRICT	TOTAL EQUIPMENT	ANNUAL OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE	# OF STUDENTS IMPACTED	INCREASE IN HEAT DAYS (TOTAL HEAT DAYS)
1	Washoe County School District	\$15,927,245	\$1,063,166	62,504	↑ 16/54
2	Elko County School District	\$15,159,715	\$238,084	9,719	↑ 13/43
3	Clark County School District	\$14,670,872	\$6,916,319	324,979	≈ 18 /122
4	White Pine County School District	\$5,667,021	\$57,613	1,273	↑ 14/38
5	Storey County School District	\$1,822,946	\$27,994	460	↑ 15/41
6	Eureka County School District	\$1,186,308	\$12,143	321	↑ 13/40
7	Lincoln County School District	\$282,526	\$13,329	886	≈ 18 /75
8	Nye County School District	\$9,405	\$86,967	5,119	≈ 17 /80

TOP 10 SCHOOL DISTRICTS, RANKED BY OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE COST

RANK	SCHOOL DISTRICT	TOTAL EQUIPMENT	ANNUAL OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE	# OF STUDENTS IMPACTED	INCREASE IN HEAT DAYS (TOTAL HEAT DAYS)
1	Clark County School District	\$14,670,872	\$6,916,319	324,979	≈ 18 /122
2	Washoe County School District	\$15,927,245	\$1,063,166	62,504	↑ 16/54
3	Elko County School District	\$15,159,715	\$238,084	9,719	↑ 13/43
4	Lyon County School District	\$0	\$140,940	9,055	≈ 15 /60
5	Carson City School District	\$0	\$100,293	7,676	↑ 15/53
6	Nye County School District	\$9,405	\$86,967	5,119	≈ 17 /80
7	Douglas County School District	\$0	\$73,543	5,396	↑ 16/52
8	White Pine County School District	\$5,667,021	\$57,613	1,273	↑ 14/38
9	Churchill County School District	\$0	\$51,345	3,396	↑ 15/62
10	Humboldt County School District	\$0	\$46,050	3,494	↑ 13/53

 $\label{thm:continuous} \textbf{Total equipment} \ is \ the \ combined \ estimated \ HVAC \ installation \ and \ upgrade \ costs \ from \ 1970-2025.$ $\textbf{Annual Operation \& Maintenance} \ is \ the \ estimated \ costs \ of \ operating \ and \ maintaining \ the \ HVAC \ systems.$ $\textbf{Heat days} \ are \ the \ number \ of \ days \ 80^{\circ} \ or \ warmer \ between \ September \ 1 \ and \ June \ 15.$ $\textbf{The increase in heat days} \ was \ estimated \ between \ 1970-2025.$

See our full report for more data at coolingcrisis.org

